

+1.703.527.3887 (INT)

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Special Industrial Solvent (SIS) Formula C-1, 200 Proof This SDS is valid for all grades and catalog #s

1. IDENTIFICATION OF SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF SUPPLIER

Product Identifier: Synonyms: Ethanol Denatured Alcohol; Denatured Ethanol; Govt. Formula SIC-1 (SPECIAL INSOLV C-1) 200 PROOF CAS No. 64-17-5 EINECS No. 200-578-6

Other means of identification:

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use:

Supplier Details:

Greenfield Global USA, Inc. 1101 Isaac Shelby Drive, Shelbyville, KY 40065, USA. Tel: 502.232.7600 Fax: 502.633.6100 CCN17213

Greenfield Global USA, Inc. 58 Vale Road, Brookfield,

CT 06804, USA. Tel: 203.740.3471 Fax: 203.740.3481 CCN17213

Emergency Contact:

CHEMTREC: 1.800.424.9300 (USA) / +1.703.527.3887 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:

OSHA Hazards:

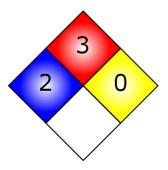
Flammable liquid, Target Organ Effect, Irritant

Target Organs:

Heart, Liver, Nerves



Product Information: 203.740.3471 Emergency Assistance (CHEMTREC): 1.800.424.9300 (USA) NFPA +1.703.527.3887 (INT)



GHS label elements, including precautionary statements



Signal Word: DANGER!

Hazard statement(s)	
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H370	Causes damage to organs
H335 + H336	May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H315 + H319	Causes skin and serious eye irritation
Precautionary statement(s)	
P501	Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.
P240	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
P337 + P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek medical attention.
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
P370 + P378	In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam for extinction.
P210	Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and hot surfaces. No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.

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P403 + P235	Store
P243	Take
P241	Use e
P242	Use d
P264	Wash
P280	Wear

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. **+1.703.527.3887 (INT)** Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves and eye and face protection.

GHS Classification(s)

Eye irritation (Category 2B) Flammable Liquids (Category 2) Skin irritation (Category 2) Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3)

Other hazards which do not result in classification:

Potential Health Effects:

Organ	Description
Eyes	May cause irritation including stinging, tearing, and redness.
Ingestion	Ingestion may cause dizziness, faintness, drowsiness decreased awareness or responsiveness, nausea, vomiting, staggering gait, lack of coordination, coma and death.
Inhalation	High vapor concentration may cause burning sensation in nose and throat and stinging and watering in the eyes. At concentrations which cause irritation, dizziness, faintness, drowsiness, nausea and vomiting may also occur.
Skin	Prolonged or widespread contact may result in the absorption of potentially harmful amounts. Inhalation: High vapor concentration may cause burning sensation in nose and throat and stinging and watering in the eyes. At concentrations which cause irritation, dizziness, faintness, drowsiness, nausea and vomiting may also occur. Skin Contact: Prolonged or repeated contact may cause defatting and drying of the skin.
Chronic	Long term repeated oral exposure to ethanol may result in the development of progressive liver injury with fibrosis. Overexposure to methanol may cause eye damage and liver or kidney injury. Other Health Hazards: Repeated ingestion of ethanol by pregnant mothers has been shown to adversely affect the central nervous system of the fetus, producing a collection of effects which together constitute fetal alcohol syndrome. Medical Conditions Aggravated by Overexposure: Repeated exposure to ethanol may aggravate liver injury produced from other causes. Skin contact may aggravate dermatitis.

3. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical identity:	Alcohol
Common name / Synonym:	Denatured Alcohol; Denatured Ethanol; Govt. Formula SIC-1
	(SPECIAL INSOLV C-1) 190 PROOF
CAS number:	64-17-5
EINECS number:	200-578-6
ICSC number:	0044
RTECS #:	KQ6300000
UN #:	UN1987



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% Volume	Material	CAS
90.49	Ethanol	64-17-5
4.04	Ethyl Acetate	141-78-6
4.52	Methyl Alcohol	67-56-1
0.95	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice

Take proper precautions to ensure your own health and safety before attempting rescue and providing first aid. Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area.

Skin

Wash skin with soap and copious amounts of water. Seek medical attention.

Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical attention. Give oxygen or artificial respiration as needed.

Eyes

Thoroughly flush the eyes with large amounts of clean low-pressure water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Seek medical attention.

Ingestion

Antidote: If victim is conscious and alert, give 2-4 cupfuls of milk or water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical aid immediately. Induce vomiting by giving one teaspoon of Syrup of Ipecac.

Note to Physician

Symptoms vary with alcohol level of the blood. Mild alcohol intoxication occurs at blood levels between 0.05- 0.15 %. Approximately 25% of individuals show signs of intoxication at these levels. Above 0.15% the person is definitely under the influence of ethanol; 50-95% of individuals are clinically intoxicated at these levels. Severe poisoning occurs when the blood is ethanol level is 0.3- 0.5%. Above 0.5% the individual will be comatose and death can occur. The unabsorbed ethanol should be removed by gastric lavage after intubating the patient to prevent aspiration. Avoid the use of depressant drugs or the excessive administration of fluids.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media:

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical (e.g., nature of any hazardous combustion products):

Carbon oxides expected to be the primary hazardous combustion product.



Product Information: 203.740.3471 Emergency Assistance (CHEMTREC): 1.800.424.9300 (USA) Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters: +1.703.527.3887 (INT)

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and eyes. Keep unopened containers cool by spraying with water.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:

- May produce a floating fire hazard.
- Static ignition hazard can result from handling and use.
- Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.
- Vapors may settle in low or confined spaces.

Alcohols burn with a pale blue flame which may be extremely hard to see under normal lighting conditions. Personnel may only be able to feel the heat of the fire without seeing flames. Extreme caution must be exercised in fighting alcohol fires. Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank. Always stay away from tanks engulfed in fire.

Flammable Properties Classification OSHA/NFPA Class IB Flammable Liquid. Flash point 14°C (58°F) - closed cup Autoignition temperature 363°C (685.4°F) - (Ethyl Alcohol)

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Do not inhale vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas.

Environmental precautions:

Stop leak. Contain spill if possible and safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

Absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Keep disposal containers closed when finished.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling:

Do not get on skin or in eyes. Do not inhale vapor or mist. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the buildup of electrostatic charge. Open and handle container with care. Metal containers

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involved in the transfer of this material should be grounded and bonded.

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Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilites:

Keep container tightly closed in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leaks/spills. Consult local fire codes for additional storage information.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters, e.g., occupational exposure limit values or biological limit values:

Component	Source	Туре	Value	Note
Ethyl Acetate	US (ACGIH)	TWA	400 ppm	ACGIH Threshold Limit Value
Ethyl Acetate	US (OSHA)	TWA	400 ppm, 1400 mg/m3	29 CFR 1910.1000 Table Z-1 Limits for
	03 (03HA)	IVVA		Air Contaminants
Ethyl clochol	US (OSHA)	TWA	1000 ppm / 1,900 mg/m3	29 CFR 1910.1000 Table Z-1 Limits for
Ethyl alcohol				Air Contaminants.
Methyl Alcohol	US (OSHA)	TWA	200 ppm	
Methyl Alcohol	US (ACGIH)	STEL	250 ppm	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	US (ACGIH)	TWA	200 ppm	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	US (ACGIH)	STEL	300 ppm	

Appropriate engineering controls:

Occupational Exposure Limits

General room or local exhaust ventilation is usually required to meet exposure limit(s). Electrical equipment should be grounded and conform to applicable electrical code.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment:

Respiratory protection:

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Hand protection:

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Eye protection:

Use chemical safety goggles and/or a full face shield where splashing is possible. Use equipment approved by appropriate government standards, such as NIOSH (US) or EN166 (EU) Maintain eye wash fountain and quick-drench facilities in work area.

Skin and body protection:

Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.



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Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance (physical state, color, etc.)	Liquid. Colorless.
Freezing point	-114°C (-173°F)
Initial boiling point and boiling range	80°C (176°F)
Flash point	14°C (58°F) - closed cup
Evaporation rate	Specific data not available - expected to be rapid.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Flammable
Upper / Lower flammability or explosive limits	3.3%(V) / 19%(V)
Vapor pressure	44.6mmHg (5.94 kPa)
Vapor Density	1.6 (air =1)
Solubility(ies)	completely soluble
Auto-ignition temperature	363°C (685.4°F) - (Ethyl Alcohol)
Formula (ETHANOL)	C2H6O
Formula (ETHYL ACETATE)	C4H8O2
Formula (METHYL ALCOHOL)	CH4O
Formula (METHYL ETHYL KETONE)	C4H8O
Molecular Weight (ETHANOL)	46.07 g/mol
Molecular Weight (ETHYL ACETATE)	88.1 g/mol
Molecular Weight (METHYL ALCOHOL)	32.04 g/mol
Molecular Weight (METHYL ETHYL KETONE)	72.11 g/mol

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Possibility of hazardous reactions	Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.
Conditions to avoid (e.g., static discharge, Heat, flames, and sparks. Extreme temperatures ar	
shock or vibration)	sunlight.
Incompatible materials	Strong acids, strong oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products	Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions Carbon oxides

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

• Ethyl Alcohol 64-17-5

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Central nervous system depression, narcosis, damage to the heart. To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.



Product Summary:

Ethanol is not toxic by OSHA standards. Coingestion of sedative hypnotics or tranquilizers can increase the toxic affects of ethanol.

Acute Toxicity:

LC50 (inhl)	Rat	20000ppm	10 hrs.
LC50 (Oral)	Rat	7060mg/Kg BWT	
LDLo (Oral)	Human	1400 mg/Kg BWT	

Irritation:

Eyes (ETHANOL)

Eye exposure to Ethanol generally causes transient pain, irritation, and reflex lid closure. A foreign-body sensation may persist for one to two days. Vapors produce transient stinging and tearing, but no apparent adverse effects. Transiently impaired preception of color may occur with acute ingestion or chronic alcoholism. Standard Draize eye test (rabbit) - Dose: 500 mg Reaction: Severe Dose: 500 mg/24 hrs Reaction: Mild

Skin

Standard Draize skin test (rabbit) - Dose: 20 mg/24 hrs Reaction: Moderate Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Carcinogenicity

IARC: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen. ACGIH: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen. NTP: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen. OSHA: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Other Hazards

Organ	Description
Eyes	Irritating to the eyes. May cause painful sensitization to light. May cause chemical conjunctivitis and corneal damage.
Ingestion	May cause gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May cause systemic toxicity with acidosis. Advanced stages can lead to respiratory failure, kidney failure, coma, and death.
Inhalation	Inhalation of high concentrations may cause central nervous system effects characterized by nausea, headache, dizziness, unconsciousness and coma. Causes respiratory tract irritation. May cause narcotic effects in high concentration. Vapors may cause dizziness or suffocation.
Skin	Mildly irritating to the skin. May cause dermatitis by de-fatting the skin from prolonged or repeated contact.
Chronic	Prolonged exposure can cause liver, kidney, and heart damage. Long term exposure can cause loss of appetite, weight loss, nervousness, memory loss, mental retardation.

Methyl Alcohol 67-56-1

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Product Information: 203.740.3471 Emergency Assistance (CHEMTREC): 1.800.424.9300 (USA) Product Summary: +1.703.527.3887 (INT)

Classification of teratogenicity or reproductive toxicity cannot be determined with available data for this product. No data available to designate the product as causing specific target organ toxicity through repeated exposure. No data available to designate product as an aspiration hazard.

Acute Toxicity:

LC50 (Inhl)	Rat	64,000 mg/Kg BWT	4 hours
LD50 (Oral)	Rat	5,628 mg/Kg BWT	
LD50 (Skin)	Rabbit	15,800 mg/Kg BWT	

Irritation:

Eyes (METHANOL)

Direct contact with the eyes produces a mild, reversible irritation, assuming treatment is initiated promptly. Methanol ingestion or inhalation can lead to visual disturbance that can proceed to blindness.

Skin

Standard Draize skin test (rabbit) - Dose: 20 mg/24 hrs Reaction: Moderate Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Carcinogenicity

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

ACGIH: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Other Hazards

Organ	Description
Eyes	Irritating to the eyes.
Ingestion	Poison, may be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. Cannot be made non-poisonous. Ingestion may
Ingestion	cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.
Inhalation	Toxic by inhalation. Vapor harmful. May be irritating to the respiratory tract.
Skin	Toxic in contact with skin. Irritating to skin.
Chronic	Toxic: danger of very serious irreversible effects through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Experiments have shown reproductive toxicity effects on laboratory animals. May cause adverse liver effects. May cause adverse kidney effects.Methanol is slowly eliminated from the body, therefore it can have cumulative toxicity effects with repeated exposures.

• Methyl Ethyl Ketone 78-93-3



Product Information: 203.740.3471 Emergency Assistance (CHEMTREC): 1.800.424.9300 (USA) Product Summary: +1.703.527.3887 (INT)

No data available for the mutagenic, teratogenic, or reproductive effects of the product.

Acute Toxicity:

LC50 (Inhalation)	Rat	23500 mg/m3	8 hours
LD50 (Oral)	Rat	2737 mg/Kg	
LD50 (Skin)	Rabbit	6480 mg/kg	

Irritation:

Eyes

Causes eye irritation.

Skin (METHYL ETHYL KETONE)

Draize test, rabbit, skin: 500 mg/24H; Moderate skin irritation.

Carcinogenicity

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

ACGIH: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Other Hazards

Organ	Description	
Eyes	Irritating to the eyes. May result in corneal injury.	
	May cause irritation of the digestive tract. May cause central nervous system depression, characterized	
Ingestion	by excitement, followed by headache, dizziness, drowsiness, and nausea. Advanced stages may cause	
	collapse, unconsciousness, coma and possible death due to respiratory failure.	
	Inhalation of high concentrations may cause central nervous system effects characterized by nausea,	
Inhalation	headache, dizziness, unconsciousness and coma. Causes respiratory tract irritation. Irritation may lead	
	to chemical pneumonitis and pulmonary edema. May cause numbness in the extremities.	
Skin	May be absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. Prolonged and/or repeated contact may cause	
SKIII	irritation and/or dermatitis.	
	Chronic inhalation may cause effects similar to those of acute inhalation. Prolonged or repeated skin	
Chronic	contact may cause defatting and dermatitis. Animal studies have reported that fetal effects/abnormalities	
	may occur when maternal toxicity is seen.	

• Ethyl Acetate 141-78-6



Product Information: 203.740.3471 Emergency Assistance (CHEMTREC): 1.800.424.9300 (USA) Product Summary: +1.703.527.3887 (INT)

Not known to be toxic to the reproductive system, teratogenic, or carcinogenic. Has demonstrated some mutagenic effects in animals.

Acute Toxicity:

LC50 (Inhalation)	Rat	22,627 ppm	4 hours
LD50 (Dermal)	Rabbit	20,000 mg/kg	
LD50 (Oral)	Rat	11,300 mg/kg	

Irritation:

Eyes

No data available.

Skin

No data available

Carcinogenicity

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

ACGIH: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Other Hazards

Organ	Description	
Eyes	Can cause serious eye irritation with common symptoms including redness, tearing, pain, and blurred vision.	
Ingestion	Can be harmful if ingested leading to throat irritation, nausea, vomiting, and central nervous system effects.	
Inhalation	High concentrations of vapor or mist may be harmful if inhaled. High concentrations of vapor or mist m irritate the respiratory tract (nose, throat, and lungs). High concentrations of vapor or mist may cause nausea, vomiting, headaches, dizziness, loss of coordination, numbness, and other central nervous system effects; and/or liver and kidney damage. Massive acute overexposure may cause rapid central nervous system depression, sudden collapse, coma, and/or death.	
Skin	This product may cause irritation, redness, and/ or drying. This product is not likely to be absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. In rare instances, repeated skin contact with ethyl acetate may cause sensitization.	



	Prolonged or repeated inhalation may cause toxic effects. Prolonged or repeated 4y #03:527.3887 (INT)
	inflammation of the membrane lining the eyelids and covering the eyeball (conjunctivitis). Prolonged or
Chronic	repeated skin contact may cause drying, cracking, redness, itching, and/or swelling (dermatitis). In rare
	instances, repeated skin contact with ethyl acetate may cause sensitization. Prolonged or repeated
	exposure may have reproductive toxicity or mutagenic effects.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

• Ethyl Alcohol 64-17-5

Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial, where available): Acute Fish toxicity (ETHANOL) LC50 / 96 HOUR Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) > 10,000 mg/l

LC50 / 96 HOUR Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) > 13,400 mg/l

Toxicity to aquatic plants (ETHANOL)

Growth inhibition / 96 HOURS Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae) 1,000 mg/l

Toxicity to microorganisms (ETHANOL)

Toxicity Threshold / Pseudomonas putida 6,500 mg/l Summary: Inhibition of cell multiplication begins.

Persistence and degradability:

Biodegradation is expected.

Bioaccumulative potential:

Biaccumulation is unlikely

Methyl Alcohol 67-56-1

Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial, where available): Acute Fish Toxicity (METHANOL) LC50 / 96 hours Lepomis macrocirus: 15,400 mg/L / LC50 / 96 hours Fathead minnow: 29,400 mg/L

Toxicity to Aquatic Plants (METHANOL)

EC50 / 96 hours Scenedesmus capricornutum: 22,000 mg/L

Persistence and degradability:

This material is expected to be readily biodegradable. There is evidence that it is degraded under anaerobic



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Bioaccumulative potential:

Bioconcentration factor (BCF) of 0.2. This material is not expected to bioaccumulate.

Other adverse effects:

BOD: 600 mg/g - 1120 mg/g COD: 1420 mg/g

Methyl Ethyl Ketone 78-93-3

Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial, where available): Acute Fish Toxicity (METHYL ETHYL KETONE) LC50 / 96 hours Fathead Minnow 3220 mg/L

Toxicity to Microorganisms (METHYL ETHYL KETONE)

EC50 / 30 min Phytobacterium phosphoreum 3373 mg/L

Persistence and degradability: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available

Ethyl Acetate 141-78-6

Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial, where available): Acute Fish Toxicity (ETHYL ACETATE) LC50 / 96 hours Fathead Minnow 230mg/L

Persistence and degradability: Biodegradation is expected.

Bioaccumulative potential: Biaccumulation is unlikely

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Description of waste residues and information on their safe handling and methods of disposal, including the disposal of any contaminated packaging:

Initials: EF



Vapors may collect in empty containers. Treat empty containers as hazardous. Dispose of 90/03e927u3887 (INT) wastes in accordance with Federal, State, and local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Description of waste residues and information on their safe handling and methods of disposal:

UN number UN1987	
UN proper shipping name	Alcohols, n.o.s.
Transport hazard class(es)	3
Packing group (if applicable)	11

IMDG

UN-Number: UN1987 Class: 3 Packing Group: II EMS-No: F-E, S-D Proper shipping name: ALCOHOLS, N.O.S. Marine pollutant: No IATA UN-Number: UN1987 Class: 3 Packing Group: II Proper shipping name: Alcohols, n.o.s.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question:

OSHA Hazards

Flammable liquid, Target Organ Effect, Irritant

All ingredients are on the following inventories or are exempted from listing

Country	Notification
Australia	AICS
Canada	DSL
China	IECS
European Union	EINECS
Japan	ENCS/ISHL
Korea	ECL
New Zealand	NZIOC
Philippines	PICCS
United States of America	TSCA

SARA 302 Components

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302: Methanol CAS-No. 67-56-1 Revision Date 2007-07-01 Methyl Isobutyl Keytone CAS-No. 108-10-1 Revision Date 1993-04-24

SARA 313 Components



Product Information: 203.740.3471 Emergency Assistance (CHEMTREC): 1.800.424.9300 (USA) The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 03.527 (3887) (INT) CAS-No. 67-56-1 Revision Date 2007-07-01

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Acute Health Hazard Chronic Health Hazard Fire Hazard

CERCLA Methanol CAS-No. 67-56-1. RQ: 5,000 lbs

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone CAS-No. 108-10-1, RQ: 5,000 lbs

Massachusetts Right To Know Components

Ethanol CAS-No.64-17-5 Revision Date 2007-03-01

Ethyl Acetate CAS-No. 141-78-6

Methanol CAS-No.67-56-1 Revision Date 2007-07-01

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

Ethanol CAS-No.64-17-5 Revision Date 2007-03-01

Ethyl Acetate CAS-No. 141-78-6

Methanol CAS-No.67-56-1 Revision Date 2007-07-01

New Jersey Right To Know Components

Ethanol CAS-No.64-17-5 Revision Date 2007-03-01

Ethyl Acetate CAS-No. 141-78-6

Methanol CAS-No.67-56-1 Revision Date 2007-07-01

California Prop 65 Components

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm (ETHYL ALCOHOL) CAS No. 64-17-5 Revision Date: December 11, 2009

Revision Number: 4.0



Product Information: 203.740.3471 Emergency Assistance (CHEMTREC): 1.800.424.9300 (USA) 16. OTHER INFORMATION: +1.703.527.3887 (INT) INCLUDING INFORMATION ON PREPARATION AND REVISION OF THE SDS

Disclaimer

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